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STATUS AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE RIVER TERRAPIN BATAGUR BASKA

IN THE SUNDERBAN OF INDL





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Final Report of the Project

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ABSTRACT

A status survey of the River Terrapin Batagur baska was conducted in the Sunderban of West Bengal, India from February to May 1994. Intensive searches were carried out to determine the present status of Batagur in the wild. Village ponds and captive breeding centres were visited to assess the number in captivity. Markets were surveyed and queries made with local people to determine the exploitation level. Batagur was found to be extremely rare and about 10 nesting females survive in the Indian Sunderban. Within Sunderban Tiger Reserve (STR), they nest only in Bagmara block (Mechua island) and outside, the Kalas forests of Chulkati block, 24 Pargana Forest Division appears to be suitable for Batagur nesting. Batagur was not recorded in any of the markets surveyed and it appears that currently this species is not being commercially exploited. Approximately 20-25 captive raised Batagur were available with Captive Breeding Centres, Batagur Rearing Centres of STR and Alipur Zoological Park, Calcutta and about 15-20 adult turtles were in village ponds adjacent to STR. About 40 individuals of the captive raised Batagur have reportedly been released during January-April 1994 in the river Harinbanga of STR by the Forest Department.

Regular surveys are recommended in Bagmara block especially in Mechua island during the breeding season to estimate the size of the breeding population of Batagur. Pig proof fencing is suggested in Mechua island to prevent nest predation and to ensure survival of the nest and hatchlings. Satellite radio-tracking is necessary to study the habitat preference and movement patterns of Batagur for identifying corridors connecting feeding and breeding habitats. This is essential for improved protection. A captive breeding unit is suggested using existing captive Batagur in village ponds for restocking in wild.

Key words: River terrapin, Batagur baska, Sunderban, exploitation, conservation.